

Travelling Salesman Problem (TSP) Algorithm

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What is the TSP?

The **Travelling Salesman Problem (TSP)** is a famous **combinatorial optimization** problem in computer science and mathematics.

Objective:

Find the **shortest possible route** that visits each city exactly once and returns to the starting city.

Real-Life Applications

- * Route planning (Google Maps, logistics)
- * Microchip manufacturing (circuit optimization)
- * DNA sequencing
- * Drone path optimization

TSP Problem Statement

Given a list of cities and the distance between each pair of cities, find the shortest possible tour that:

- * Starts and ends at the same city.
- * Visits each city exactly once.

TSP Algorithm Steps (Using Brute Force)

Step-by-Step Process:

1. **List all cities (nodes)**

Identify the cities that need to be visited.

2. **Create a cost/distance matrix**

Show distances or travel costs between every pair of cities.

3. **Generate all possible tours (paths)**

Make all permutations of city visits, starting and ending at the same city.

4. **Calculate total distance for each tour**

Add up the distances between cities in the path.

5. **Compare all paths**

Find the tour with the **minimum total cost or distance**.

6. **Return the best tour**

This is the **optimal solution** (shortest path visiting all cities once).

Example (4 cities: A, B, C, D):

* Possible tours from A:

A → B → C → D → A

A → C → D → B → A

A → D → B → C → A

... (total of $(n-1)! = 6$ paths)

* Calculate the cost of each and pick the shortest.

TSP Greedy (Nearest Neighbor) Steps:

1. Start at a city.
2. Visit the ****nearest unvisited city****.
3. Repeat until all cities are visited.
4. Return to the starting city.
5. Total distance = sum of all traveled edges.